

INHIBITION OF HTLV-III BY EXOGENOUS
OLIGONUCLEOTIDES

ABSTRACT

Inhibition of HTLV-III by administration of an
05 oligonucleotide complementary to highly conserved regions
of the HTLV-III genome necessary for HTLV-III replication
and/or gene expression is described, as are
oligodeoxynucleotide sequences which are complementary to
those regions, methods of inhibiting HTLV-III replication
10 and gene expression and methods of determining the
presence or absence of HTLV-III virus in samples such as
blood, saliva, urine and tears.